Unit 6: World War II (1940-1950)

Note/Assignment Sheet **1**

Name:	Date:	Period:	

I can identify the long term causes of WWII and main leaders that rose to power prior to WWII.

Does Just War Exist?: LEADING UP TO WORLD WAR II

TYPES OF GOVERNMENT

Democracy	Nationalism	Totalitarian	Fascism	Socialism	Communism
government by the people; a form of government in which the supreme power is vested in the people and exercised directly by them or by their elected agents under a free electoral system	Extreme pride in one's own nation; desire for independence. Complete devotion to one's nation.	Totalitarian governments use terror to suppress individual rights and to silence all forms of opposition •	Political philosophy based on nationalism and an all-powerful state. Places importance of state over the importance of individuals. Everyone works for the benefit of society and the nation.	Political theory that society as a whole should control the means of production, such as factories and the land. Wealth should be distributed to everyone. People should cooperate, not compete, in producing goods.	a society without class distinctions or private property. All society jointly owns the nation's production. Characterized by complete government ownership of land and property, single-party control of the government, the lack of individual rights, and the call for worldwide revolution.

THE RISE OF THE DICTATORS

Italy

Benito Mussolini

Fascism



Russia

Stalin takes over USSR

Communism



Germany

Hitler

Nazi Germany



Japan

Militarists control Japan

Japan in China



American Democracy

Liberal Conservative



Right – Conservative

Fascist – "Make Nation Great"

THE UNITED STATES RESPONDS

- - 1. How SHOULD the US respond to the rise of dictators?
 - 2. How do you PREDICT the US responded to the rise of dictators?

How does America respond to the uprising of dictators in Europe? (pgs 271-272)

a. The Nye Committee

Define:

What did it do to American support for WWII?

b. Legislating Neutrality -

Neutrality Act of 1935 →

 2^{nd} Neutrality Act \rightarrow

Neutrality Act of 1937 →

"Cash & Carry" →



c. Roosevelt's Internationalism

Internationalism →

What's wrong with neutrality according to FDR?



Why do you think FDR did NOT veto the neutrality acts even though he disagreed with them?

What events caused Roosevelt to become more of an internationalist?